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PRODUCED

WHERE the amount of seed corn raised is small enough to be personally supervised in planting, detasseling, harvesting, drying and grading so that every customer receives the same uniform, high quality seed.

PREPARED

WHERE the amount of corn handled is large enough to efficiently use the most modern equipment. Scott's Hybrids are thoroughly dried at recommended temperatures, carefully sorted, shelled and cleaned. They are graded for length, width and thickness, then treated to give the protection needed against seed-borne and seedling diseases and officially tested for germination.



Seventy-five years' experience with Field Seeds. Close coöperation with Experiment Stations on seed and fertilizer testing.

O. M. SCOTT & SONS COMPANY
MARYSVILLE, OHIO

HYBRID SEED CORN FOR THE PARTICULAR FARMER

Grown - Graded - Treated By Particular Folks

Early Maturing

OHIO M 15

Maturity 95 to 100 days

The earliest maturing Ohio Certified Hybrid, produces high yields of sound, yellow corn. The ears are medium short, well filled and have 16 to 18 rows medium dented, deep grains. Strong rooted, blight resistant, medium height stalk.

OHIO M 34

Maturity 100 days

Highest yielding early Hybrid. Dark green in color; blight resistant; strong stalked; medium size thick ears and deep kernels. Plants remain green when ears are well matured. A few days later than M 15. One of the newer good Hybrids.

OHIO K 24

Maturity 105 days

A popular and widely used earlier Hybrid. A consistent high producer; strong rooted; resistant to stalk rot and blight. Leafy, dark green plants, medium in height. Ears are medium in length, 14 to 16 rows of fairly deep, richly colored kernels.

OHIO K 35

Maturity 100 to 105 days

A strong stalked and strong rooted Hybrid. Medium short, leafy stalks, ears short and thick with 14 to 18 rows of deep starchy kernels. Not as resistant to corn borer as K 24.

Medium Maturing

IOWA 939

Maturity 110 to 112 days

The most popular medium maturing Hybrid. Medium tall, dark green; ears medium long and rough with 16 rows of medium deep kernels. Produces well on different soil types. One of the most blight resistant Hybrids.

OHIO W 17

Maturity 110 to 112 days

A popular medium maturing Hybrid. Plants are leafy with large, thick, smooth ears; 16 to 18 rows of thick, shallow kernels. A good crib corn and also produces a high tonnage for early silo filling. Does best on productive soils.

OHIO W 36

Maturity 110 to 112 days

An excellent, widely-planted newer Hybrid. Strong roots and stalk; blight resistant; medium short, leafy; ears medium size, thick; deep, starchy kernels. High producer. Handy size, good fodder and ears.

Late Maturing

OHIO C 38

Maturity 115 days

Outstanding medium late maturing Hybrid. Rapid growing, vigorous; blight, smut and corn borer resistant; high yields under wide variety of conditions. Produces a large, thick ear with deep, soft kernels. Can be used for crib corn or ensilage.

IOWA 4059

Maturity 115 days

A strong rooted medium late Hybrid. Resistant to blight and corn borer. Medium type ear with deep kernels. Does well on different soil types. Ears dry out rapidly at harvest time.

U S 44

Maturity 115 days

One of the older medium late Hybrids being replaced by newer developed Hybrids. Plants are tall, resistant to lodging. Ears are long, slender, smooth, with 18 to 20 rows of shallow kernels. A good ensilage corn.

U S 13

Maturity 120 days

The standby in late maturing Hybrids. Consistently high yielding; resistant to stalk rot and blight. Stalks medium tall; ears large, borne at medium height with 20 to 22 rows of deep kernels. Heavy, deep-green fodder. Widely used ensilage as well as excellent crib corn.



Scott's HAVE LIMITED AMOUNTS of other Hybrids. Some are the old-time standbys and some are the new, less widely known varieties . . . Do not hesitate to ask for them

Scott's

Hybrid Seed Corn is Graded To Plant Evenly and Accurately

LARGE AND MEDIUM FLATS—The most attractive grades. Growing conditions and the kind of Hybrid affect the amount of large and medium size seed compared to the other grades.

SMALL FLATS—Will plant more acres per bushel of seed. Graded uniformly, plant accurately, high in germination.

THICK FLATS—One sixty-fourth inch thicker than the large and medium flats. In most planters the same plates will give a uniform planting.

LARGE AND MEDIUM ROUNDS—Usually require special plates. Uniformly graded, high in germination; will plant evenly and produce the same kind of corn and yield as well as the flat grades.

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MARYSVILLE, OHIO

